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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/533,966	06/13/2006	Ville Kettunen	FRG-16076	6098
	7590 09/15/200 L & CLARK LLP	EXAMINER		
38210 Glenn Avenue			SNYDER, ZACHARY J	
WILLOUGHBY, OH 44094-7808			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2889	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			09/15/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/533,966	KETTUNEN ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Zachary Snyder	2889			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>01 Security</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under Expression in the practice of the pra	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-28 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 1-19 and 28 is/are wire 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 20-27 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on 05 May 2005 is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to the or	thdrawn from consideration. r election requirement. r. ☑ accepted or b) ☐ objected to be drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex					
	animer. Note the attached Office	Action of formal 10-102.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5/5/2005, 6/29/2009.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate			

Election/Restrictions

Applicant's election without traverse of claims 20-27 in the reply filed on 9/1/2009 is

acknowledged.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the

basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on

sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 20-22 and 24-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by U.S.

Patent 1,966,059 to Chiera.

In regard to claim 20, Chiera discloses in figure 5 an optical element comprising at least

one of diffractive type or refractive type micro-optical structures on at least one of its surfaces

(peaks and valleys created by reference numerals 8 and 9), wherein

said surface comprises a plurality of independent sections wherein at least two of said

sections have micro-optical structures that are different from one another (valleys that are

numeral 8 are one section, peaks that are numeral 9 are another section, and they are different

from one another, figure 5).

In regard to claim 21, Chiera discloses the limitations of claim 20 and that the microoptical structures of the micro-optical element are designed according to the position, size and
shape of the one or more electroluminescent elements, and output light distribution of the one or
more electroluminescent elements to be used in conjunction with the optical element (the microoptical structure are designed in to cover the electroluminescent element so it must take into
account the position, size, and shape of the electroluminescent element and has an effect on the
output light distribution so this as well is taken into consideration).

In regard to claim 22, Jaskie discloses the limitations of claim 20 and that the different sections comprise different micro-optical structures present in a single at least partially transparent layer (shown in figure 5 that the screen comprises different micro-optical structures 8 and 9 which form a single layer that is at least partially transparent (translucent screen, COL. 1, LINES 48-50)).

In regard to claim 24, Chiera discloses the limitations of claim 20 and that independent section each have an individual optical function (shown in figure 5 that the sections have different heights and will therefore each will have a different effect on incident light).

In regard to claim 25, Chiera discloses in figure 5 a method for manufacturing an optical element comprising the steps of:

providing an at least partially transparent material with a surface (shown in figure 5, translucent screen, COL. 1, LINES 48-50), and

adding to said surface a structure serving as micro-optical element for shaping and/or collimating light (rays will mix and form white light at a distance of about 5 inches from the screen, COL. 2, LINES 60-63), wherein said structure is shaped such that said micro-optical element comprises a plurality of independent sections wherein at least two of said sections have micro-optical structures that are different from one another (valleys that are numeral 8 are one section, peaks that are numeral 9 are another section, and they are different from one another, figure 5).

In regard to claim 26, Chiera discloses the limitations of claim 25 and that the method further comprises the step of embossing in said surface a micro-structure serving as said micro-optical element (method of forming the adjacent portions on the translucent medium may be embossing, COL. 2, LINES 106-110)

In regard to claim 27, Chiera discloses the limitations of claim 25 and that the method further comprises manufacturing the different sections by manufacturing different micro-optical structures in a single at least partially transparent layer (shown in figure 5 that the screen comprises different micro-optical structures 8 and 9 which form a single layer that is at least partially transparent (translucent screen, COL. 1, LINES 48-50)).

Claims 20-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent 5,698,941 to Jaskie et al.

In regard to claim 20, Jaskie discloses in figure 19 an optical element comprising at least one of diffractive type or refractive type micro-optical structures on at least one of its surfaces (light refracting groove 920, COL. 9, LINE 19), wherein

said surface comprises a plurality of independent sections wherein at least two of said sections have micro-optical structures that are different from one another (region 904 and region 902, one containing grooves 920 and one not, figure 19).

In regard to claim 21, Jaskie discloses the limitations of claim 20 and that the microoptical structures of the micro-optical element are designed according to the position, size and
shape of the one or more electroluminescent elements, and output light distribution of the one or
more electroluminescent elements to be used in conjunction with the optical element (shown in
figure 19 that light emitting elements 810, 808, and 814 are all taken into consideration regarding
the placement of grooves 920, the light distribution of light 818 is adjusted by the micro-optical
elements).

In regard to claim 22, Jaskie discloses the limitations of claim 20 and that the different sections comprise different micro-optical structures present in a single at least partially transparent layer (shown in figure 19 that the different micro-optical structures in sections 902 and 904 are all provided in layer 900).

In regard to claim 23, Jaskie discloses the limitations of claim 20 and that the microoptical structure comprises features having a characteristic profile dimensions of between 0.5 micrometers and 200 micrometers (the width of the light emitting regions is on the order of 150 micrometers, COL. 5, LINES 12-13, Grooves 920 are formed so that they overlap light-emitting regions 814, COL. 10, LINES 10-15).

In regard to claim 24, Jaskie discloses the limitations of claim 20 and that independent section each have an individual optical function (shown in figure 19 that light 818 is affected in different ways in sections 902 and 904).

In regard to claim 25, Jaskie discloses in figure 5 a method for manufacturing an optical element comprising the steps of:

providing an at least partially transparent material with a surface (figure 19, layer 900), and

adding to said surface a structure serving as micro-optical element for shaping and/or collimating light (grooves 920, shown in figure 19 to be shaping light 818), wherein said structure is shaped such that said micro-optical element comprises a plurality of independent sections wherein at least two of said sections have micro-optical structures that are different from one another (sections 902 and 904, shown figure 19, have different affects on light 818).

In regard to claim 26, Jaskie discloses the limitations of claim 25 and that the method further comprises the step of embossing in said surface a micro-structure serving as said micro-optical element (grooves 920 are formed by embossing, COL. 10, LINE 1)

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In regard to claim 27, Jaskie discloses the limitations of claim 25 and that the method

further comprises manufacturing the different sections by manufacturing different micro-optical

structures in a single at least partially transparent layer (shown in figure 19 that the different

micro-optical structures in sections 902 and 904 are all provided in layer 900).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Zachary Snyder whose telephone number is (571)270-5291. The

examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday, 9:30AM to 6PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Toan Ton can be reached on (571)272-2303. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

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like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated

information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Toan Ton/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2889

/Zachary Snyder/

Examiner, Art Unit 2889